

# Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2019 Proposal

## 1 Context and situation

The Far North District Council proposes to continue its Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2019, under section 145 of the Local Government Act 2002, to enforce and regulate issues related to the control of earthworks in the Far North District.

On 03 October 2019, the governing body of the Council determined that a bylaw was the most appropriate way of addressing problems related to the Control of Earthworks in the Far North District, under section 155 of the Local Government Act 2002.

Under section 158 of the Local Government Act 2002, a new bylaw requires a review 5 years after it was made. Therefore, a review of the Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2019 was required by 03 October 2024.

A review was conducted by Council under section 155 of the Local Government Act 2002 to consider whether the Bylaw:

- is still the most appropriate way of addressing the problems with respect to the control of earthworks
- is still the most appropriate form of bylaw
- gives rise to any implications under the New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990.

On 12 September 2024, the governing body of the Council approved to continue the Control of Earthworks Bylaw without amendment under section 145 of the Local Government Act 2002.

Under section 82 of the Local Government Act 2002, public are required to be consulted on this decision.

## 2 The proposal

The Council proposes to continue the Control of Earthworks Bylaw without amendment under section 145 of the Local Government Act 2002 to:

1. protect public health
2. prevent nuisance by controlling excavation, filling, and/or cellar work on private properties where a resource consent under the Operational District Plan is not required
3. control erosion and sedimentation created by earthworks in the Far North District.

## 3 Reasons for the proposal

Council requires a legal framework within which it can manage and control earthworks to safeguard the public, their properties, and the environment. The following problems were identified:

- Protecting the public from harm.
- Ensuring neighbouring properties are not affected by uncontrolled earthworks activities.
- Safeguarding the district's environment from uncontrolled earthworks activities.
- Meeting the current social, cultural, environmental, and economic wellbeing of the community.

The purpose of the Bylaw is:

*“to control excavation, filling, or cellar work on private property where a resource consent under the District Plan is not required, and to control erosion and sedimentation created by that work.”*

The Bylaw established a two-tier approach, as follows:

1. **Tier One:** The Operational District Plan applies thresholds for earthworks resource consents in different Zones (e.g. rural production 5,000m<sup>3</sup>, rural living/coastal living etc 300m<sup>3</sup>, residential/ industrial etc 200m<sup>3</sup>)
2. **Tier Two:** The Bylaw requires permits for earthworks of 50m<sup>3</sup> or more, or when these earthworks are situated 3m or less from a neighbour’s property. These permits are intended:
  - a. To control earthworks without triggering a more expensive resource consent.
  - b. To cover some areas not covered by the Operational District Plan (e.g. some commercial areas).

Having a bylaw that regulates areas not covered by the Operational District Plan is still the most appropriate way to provide the legal framework to manage and control earthworks while the Proposed District Plan is being completed.

Under section 156 of the Local Government Act 2002, Far North District Council must consult with the public when making a new bylaw.

#### 4 Analysis of the reasonably practicable options

Council considered two options for addressing the perceived problems regarding the Control of Earthworks.

A third option, allowing the Bylaw to revoke and not potentially having the earthworks provisions of the Proposed District Plan operative was not a reasonably practicable option.

Council chose Option One – The Bylaw continues without amendment.

The advantages and disadvantages of the options are summarised in the following table.

| Option  | Advantages  | Disadvantages   |
|---|---|---|
| <p><b>Option One: Status Quo: The Bylaw continues without amendment (recommended option)</b></p> <p>The current Bylaw stays in force with no changes.</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bylaw controls excavation, filling, and/or cellar work on private properties where a resource consent under the Operational District Plan is not required</li> <li>• Bylaw controls erosion and sedimentation created by earthworks</li> <li>• Bylaw aligns with relevant laws and legislation</li> <li>• Bylaw form is certain (clear)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None identified</li> </ul>   |
| <p><b>Option Two: Do nothing – allow the Bylaw to revoke in two years</b></p>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Until the Bylaw revokes it will have the same effect as the current Bylaw</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• After the Bylaw revokes, there would be a policy vacuum if the Proposed District Plan earthworks rules have not become operative,</li> </ul> |

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| The current Bylaw will still apply until 03 October 2026 when it will automatically revoke. |  | or do not address all the relevant matters. |
|---|--|---|

## 5 New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990 implications

### Assessment of implications under the New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990 (NZBORA)

Pursuant to section 155(2)(b) of the Local Government Act 2002 (LGA), before making a bylaw the Council must determine whether the proposed bylaw “gives rise to any implications under” NZBORA. Section 155(3) LGA states that “no bylaw may be made which is inconsistent with the NZBORA”.

It is therefore necessary for Council to identify any implications the Control of Earthworks Bylaw may have under NZBORA, and to determine that it is not inconsistent with NZBORA.

The NZBORA affirms the rights and freedoms set out in sections 8 to 27, which include the right to freedom from discrimination on the grounds set out in the Human Rights Act 1993. Those rights and freedoms are enforceable by the courts subject only to “such reasonable limits prescribed by law as can be demonstrably justified in a free and democratic society” (section 5 NZBORA).

The purpose of the bylaw is to impose reasonable limitations on behaviour and access to carry out earthworks to protect public health and safety, minimise nuisance, and minimise damage to the environment. The provisions in the Bylaw are justified because they only limit the rights of individuals to the extent it is reasonable to do so, in order for other people’s rights and freedoms to be maintained.

The Bylaw does not give rise to any implications and is not inconsistent with NZBORA.

## 6 How to give your views on the proposal

The Council encourages any person or organisation affected by, or having an interest in, the Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2019 to present their views on the proposal to the Council by making a submission.

You can make a submission by using any of the following methods:

- online at the Council’s website [www.fndc.govt.nz/have-your-say](http://www.fndc.govt.nz/have-your-say)
- email your submission to [submissions@fndc.govt.nz](mailto:submissions@fndc.govt.nz)
- drop-off your submission at any Council service centre or library, details of their locations and opening times are listed at [www.fndc.govt.nz/contact](http://www.fndc.govt.nz/contact) or you can get that information by phoning the Council on 0800 920 029
- post your submission to: Strategy and Policy Team, Far North District Council, Private Bag 752, Kaikohe 0440
- make an oral submission at a meeting of Council.

Please include your full name and email address or postal address in your submission if you want:

- the Council to acknowledge receipt of your submission
- to make an oral submission – you will be contacted about when and where the meetings for this are taking place.

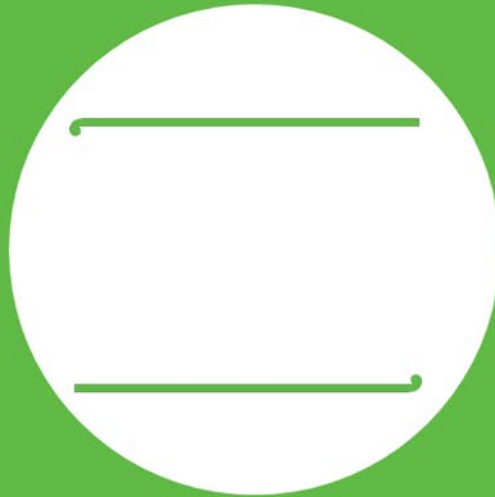
***Any submissions that are out of scope, offensive, inappropriate, or late may not be accepted by the council. You will be notified if your decision is not accepted and, where appropriate, invited to resubmit.***

Those interested in supporting their submission orally will be contacted with a date and time following the four-week consultation period.

**Privacy statement** – Please be aware, any submissions that are made on the Control of Earthworks bylaw become part of the public consultation process. As such, all submissions, any summaries of submissions, and any documents provided with your submission, are copied and made available to the Council's governing body as well as the public. Any personal information included with a submission such as your name is treated as part of the submission and will also be released publicly. Your submission and any personal information that you supply such as your name will not be treated as confidential unless you specifically request it in your submission.

## **6.1 The Control of Earthworks Bylaw**

The Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2019 is as follows:



## 1. Title

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This Bylaw is the Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2019.

## 2. Commencement

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This Bylaw comes into force on 7 October 2019

## 3. Former Bylaw Repealed

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- 3.1 At the date this Bylaw comes into force, the Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2009 is repealed.
- 3.2 All approvals, permits and other acts of authority that originated under the Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2009 and all applications shall, for the purposes of this Bylaw, continue as if they had originated under this Bylaw.
- 3.3 The revocation of the Control of Earthwork Bylaw 2009 shall not prevent any legal proceedings, criminal or civil, being taken to enforce that bylaw, and such proceedings may continue to be dealt with and completed.

## 4. Application

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This Bylaw applies to the Far North District.

## 5. Purpose

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- 5.1 The purpose of this Bylaw is to control excavation, filling or cellar work on private property where a Resource Consent under the District Plan is not required, and also to control erosion and sedimentation created by such work.
- 5.2 This Bylaw is made by the Far North District Council pursuant to section 145 of the Local Government Act 2002 and every other enabling power and authority.

## 6. Interpretation

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- 6.1 In this Bylaw, unless the context otherwise requires -

**Abatement Notice** means any Abatement Notice issued under the Resource Management Act 1991.

**Cellar** means underground room or vault.

**Council** means the Far North District Council, including its authorised agents.

**Engineer** means a Chartered Professional Engineer (CPEng) with a current level of competency, as determined by, and who is registered with, the Institution of Professional Engineers of New Zealand Incorporated (IPENZ).

**Erosion** means the wearing away of land caused by action of water, wind, waves or similar actions.

**Excavation** means the digging out of materials from the ground, but does not include:

- (a) normal garden activities;
- (b) digging of post holes or trenches for drainage;
- (c) dam maintenance, driveway maintenance and drain maintenance;
- (d) normal rural practices;
- (e) septic tanks and associated drainage fields;
- (f) excavation for building foundations and stripping of topsoil to form a building footprint;
- (g) any works to public roads;
- (h) any quarry, public tip or similar use of land where fill is mined or stored pursuant to some other authorisation consent;
- (i) cuts behind retaining walls;
- (j) excavation of swimming pools if:
  - a. excavated material is removed from the property to a permitted dump site; or
  - b. excavated material remaining onsite meets the requirements of clause 7;
- (k) vehicle crossings.

**Existing ground level** means the ground level that exists on a property:

- (a) at the time this Bylaw came into force; or
- (b) following the completion of earthworks carried out in accordance with this Bylaw.

**Far North District** means the area within the boundaries under the territorial authority of the Far North District and includes all coastal areas to the line of mean low water springs.

**Far North District Plan** means the plan or plans (whether operative or proposed) for the time being in force in the district under the provisions of the Resource Management Act 1991.

**Fill or Filling** means to deposit soil, rock or other material not restricted by the requirements of the Far North District Plan in such a manner as to alter the natural and/or existing contour of the land, but does not include:

- (a) normal garden activities;
- (b) digging of post holes or trenches for drainage;
- (c) dam maintenance;
- (d) normal rural practices;
- (e) septic tanks and associated drainage fields;
- (f) filling of building foundation with granular fill under concrete slab foundation or filling with drainage metal behind retaining wall;
- (g) any works to public roads;
- (h) any quarry, public tip or similar use of land where fill is mined or stored pursuant to some other authorisation consent;
- (i) fill material behind retaining walls;
- (j) backfilling of swimming pools and associated drainage.

**GDO5** means Auckland Council's, "Erosion and Sediment Control Guide for Land Disturbing Activities in the Auckland Region".

**Notice** means either a stop work notice, notice to fix, Abatement Notice, infringement notice or a notice requiring the work to be completed, or corrected, issued to the owner or occupier, for the reasons given in that notice.

**Occupier** means any person, other than the owner, who has a right to occupy the property, by virtue of a tenancy granted by lease, licence or other authority.

**Owner** means any person, as defined in the Building Act 2004.

**Person** includes a corporation sole, a body corporate, and an unincorporated body.

**Resource consent** means a resource consent issued under the Resource Management Act 1991.

**Water body** means any body of water as defined in the Far North District Plan and section 2 of the Resource Management Act 1991.

**Zone** means any zone defined in the Far North District Plan

6.3 Any explanatory notes are for information purposes only and do not form part of this Bylaw.

6.4 The Interpretation Act 1999 applies to this Bylaw.

## 7. Earthworks Application Required

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- 7.1 Where a Resource Consent for earthworks and/or filling is not required under the Far North District Plan, then no person shall carry out or cause to be carried out, any excavation, cellar construction or filling until the Council's approval has been obtained and a permit has been issued for earthworks:
- (a) that is within 3 metres of any boundary or water body in all zones, except Minerals zone;
  - (b) that is beyond 3 metres of any boundary or water body, in any zone, except Minerals zone and Rural Production zone, and:
    - (i) exceeds 500mm in depth, over an area that exceeds 50m<sup>2</sup> ; or
    - (ii) exceeds 50m<sup>3</sup> ;
  - (c) that is in a Rural Production zone, and beyond 3 metres of any boundary or water body, and that exceeds 1.5 metres in depth;
  - (d) in any area of natural or physical resource specified in Part 3 of the Far North District Plan

*Explanatory note: Examples of an area of natural or physical resource include landscape features and sites of cultural significance to Maori.*

- (e) that affects the flow of stormwater in such a way that it adversely impacts on adjoining properties.

7.2 Every application for a permit to undertake work pursuant to clause 7.1 shall:

- (a) contain a drawing of the location, scope and description, to scale, on a site plan, to the Council's approval;
- (b) be supported by any engineering reports that may be required by the Council to assess the application;
- (c) be accompanied by evidence, to Council's satisfaction, of erosion and sediment controls



to be introduced for all work covered under the application, and to comply with GDO5;

- (d) be made in the prescribed form as specified by Council
- (e) be accompanied by the payment of any required application and processing fees in accordance with the Council's fees and charges schedule.

7.4 The Council shall issue a permit for earthworks upon satisfaction that all relevant information has been provided and the proposed works meets the criteria of this Bylaw.

7.5 Where approval is given to any application for an earthworks permit, such approval may be given under any conditions considered necessary by the Council to control risks to public safety, subsidence or sediment controls, or any other matter considered appropriate under the circumstances.

## 8. Exclusion of Liability

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8.1 No owner or occupier, nor their successors in title, of any property for which approval for excavation, fill or cellar work has been given, shall be entitled to claim against the Council for any damage caused during the carrying out of such work, or post-construction or latent defects, whether direct or indirect, from any defect in any water supply, sewerage system, or other public utility service under the control of the Council

## 9. Damage to Road or Public Property

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9.1 Where, in the course of the execution of works approved by a permit under this Bylaw, any damage is caused to public roads, carriageway, kerb, berm or verge, footpaths, vehicle crossings, underground services or property, the owner or occupier shall be liable for the full cost of any repairs required to re-instate the said road or property to its original condition.

9.2 Where, in the opinion of the Council there is a possibility of damage to public roads, carriageway, kerb, berm or verge, footpaths, vehicle crossings, underground services or property arising from works approved by a permit under this bylaw, a road damage deposit of such amount as may be determined by the Council shall be payable by the owner or occupier.

9.3 Where a road damage deposit has been paid in respect of works approved by a permit under this Bylaw, and in the opinion of the Council damage has been caused in the execution of those works, a Notice shall be sent to the owner or occupier, either during or after the execution of those works, requiring the re-instatement of the road or property, to its original condition. If within seven (7) days of the date of the Notice no action has been taken to affect the repairs stated in the Notice, the Council may arrange for the necessary repairs, and to retain the cost of those repairs from the road damage deposit.

9.4 Where a road damage deposit has been paid in respect of works approved by a permit under this Bylaw, and in the opinion of the Council, no damage has occurred to public roads or property in the execution of those works, the road damage deposit shall be refunded in full to the owner or occupier

## 10. Completion of work

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10.1 Every person, to whom an earthworks permit has been issued under this Bylaw, shall ensure that all work approved under the permit is completed as soon as practically possible, to Council's satisfaction.

- 10.2 Every person, to whom an earthworks permit is issued under this Bylaw, shall ensure that any deposits of debris, mud, silt, sediment or residue of materials used shall be kept clear of road carriageways and road sides, at all times
- 10.3 Where such work, approved under the earthworks permit is, in the opinion of the Council, incomplete, the property owner or occupier shall be issued with a Notice requiring the work to be completed in a specified time detailed in that Notice, and such work shall also apply to any materials deposited, as described in clause 10.2.
- 10.4 Where in the opinion of the Council, the finished work is unsightly or unsatisfactory, a Notice may also include a requirement for the owner or occupier to complete such works that may be necessary to retain any visual amenities, by re-establishing vegetation cover, or by using some other appropriate method.
- 10.5 Where, in the opinion of the Council, the work to which a Notice to complete is still outstanding, the Council may organise the completion of that work and charge the owner or occupier with the full costs of that work, which may include all contractors costs, and the Council's administration, travel and inspection fees, at rates defined in the Council's Fees and Charges Schedules.
- 10.6 Where, in the opinion of Council, any incomplete work, or illegal work carried out without a earthworks permit, is considered to be a danger to persons, or property, the Council may immediately make safe that work, and charge the property owner or occupier with the full costs, which may include all contractors costs, and the Council's administration, travel and inspections costs, at the rates defined in the Council's Fees and Charges Schedules

## 11. Bylaw Breaches

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- 11.1 Every owner or occupier on whose property a breach of any of the provisions of this Bylaw is committed is liable, on summary conviction, to pay a fine not exceeding \$20,000.
- 11.2 Any person convicted of an offence, under clause 11.1 of this Bylaw, shall not be relieved of the obligation to comply with the requirements of this Bylaw, but shall do so either before or immediately after conviction and where applicable shall carry out such remedial works, which may include the construction of a retention area, removal of filling, reinstatement or such other works as may be deemed necessary by the Council.

## 12. Exemptions

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- 12.1 The Council may, in its absolute discretion, exempt an owner or occupier from a requirement to obtain a permit under clause 7.1, provided that an application for an exemption is made in writing and accompanied by the payment of any required application and processing fees in accordance with Council's Fees and Charges Schedule. No exemption will be valid unless it is given to the applicant by the Council in writing.

### (c) **Additional information to Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2019**

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This document is for information purpose only and does not form part of this Bylaw. It contains matters made pursuant to this Bylaw and information to help users to understand, use and maintain this Bylaw. The document may be updated at any time.

(a) **Section 1: History of the bylaw**

| Action | Description  | Date of decision | Commencement   |
|--------|--|------------------|----------------|
| Expire | Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2009 expires in accordance with the Local Government Act | 3 October 2019   | 6 October 2019 |
| Make   | Control of Earthworks Bylaw 2019   | 3 October 2019   | 7 October 2019 |

**Section 2: Related documents**

| Document                                   | Description  | Location                              | Date             |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| <i>Reports to Council/Committee/Panels</i> |  |                                       |                  |
| Adoption of Statement of Proposal          | Statement of Proposal including draft Bylaw adoption for public consultation | <a href="#">Statement of Proposal</a> | 27 June 2019     |
| Submissions                                | Public submissions on the Statement of Proposal                              | <a href="#">Submission</a>            |                  |
| Deliberations                              | Deliberations on submission issues raised                                    | <a href="#">Deliberations</a>         | 5 September 2019 |
| ?  |  |                                       |                  |

| Document                  | Location   |
|---------------------------|--|
| <i>Legislation</i>        |  |
| Local Government Act 2002 | <a href="http://www.legislation.govt.nz">www.legislation.govt.nz</a> |
| Bylaws Act 1910           | <a href="http://www.legislation.govt.nz">www.legislation.govt.nz</a> |
| Interpretations Act 1999  | <a href="http://www.legislation.govt.nz">www.legislation.govt.nz</a> |